



LOYOLA COLLEGE (AUTONOMOUS), CHENNAI – 600 034

M.Sc. DEGREE EXAMINATION – MATHEMATICS

THIRD SEMESTER – NOVEMBER 2023

PMT3MC04 – FLUID DYNAMICS AND SPACE SCIENCE

Date: 07-11-2023

Dept. No.

Max. : 100 Marks

Time: 01:00 PM - 04:00 PM

SECTION A – K1 (CO1)

Answer ALL the questions

(5 x 1 = 5)

1 Answer the following

- Define zenith and nadir.
- State the difference between Eulerian and Lagrangian fluid flow.
- Why don't we get eclipses every month?
- Define Source and Sink.
- What are Aberrations?

SECTION A – K2 (CO1)

Answer ALL the questions

(5 x 1 = 5)

2 Choose the correct answer

- With usual notations of fluid particles, which of these is velocity equation,
i) $\vec{q} = -\nabla\phi$ ii) $\vec{q} = \nabla\phi$ iii) $|\vec{q}| = -\nabla\phi$ iv) None of these
- The closest point between earth and sun in its elliptic motion is known as _____
i) Apogee ii) Perigee iii) Aphelion iv) Perihelion
- The path traced by sun in its motion is called _____
i) diurnal ii) ecliptic iii) circumpolar iv) equatorial
- The structure of Aerofoil was first designed by,
i) Kutta ii) Bernoulli iii) Joukowski iv) Euler
- For circulation about a circular cylinder the complex potential is given by
i) $(ik/2\pi)\log z$ ii) $(2\pi/ik)\log z$ iii) $(2k/i\pi)\log z$ iv) $(2k/i\pi)\log z$

SECTION B – K3 (CO2)

Answer any THREE of the following

(3 x 10 = 30)

- Construct the material, local and convective derivatives of a fluid particle.
- Derive the equation of continuity by Euler's method.
- The velocity components in a three-dimensional flow for an incompressible fluid are $(2x, -y, -z)$. Is it a possible field? Determine the equation of the streamline passing through the point $(1,1,1)$. Sketch the streamlines.
- Explain in brief equinoxes and Solstices.
- Identify and list the key factors of inter planetary trajectories.

SECTION C – K4 (CO3)

Answer any TWO of the following **(2 x 12.5 = 25)**

8 Analyze the durations of day and night in Chennai by equinoxes and solstices.

9 Deduce the Euler's equation of motion in cartesian form.

10 Brief on the six orbital elements of rocket motion.

11 Derive the expression for rocket propulsion.

SECTION D – K5 (CO4)

Answer any ONE of the following **(1 x 15 = 15)**

12 Determine the displacement of a fluid particle in Lagrangian system for the velocity components $u = 2x + 2y + 3t$ and $v = x + y + \frac{t}{2}$.

13 Discuss the various components of rocket.

SECTION E – K6 (CO5)

Answer any ONE of the following **(1 x 20 = 20)**

14 Deduce Newton's law of gravitational motion from Kepler's law.

15 Examine the possibility of equation of motion for the incompressible, inviscid velocity components in spherical coordinates,

$$u_r = V \left(1 - \frac{R^3}{r^3} \right) \cos\theta, \quad u_\theta = -V \left(1 + \frac{R^3}{2r^3} \right) \sin\theta \text{ and } u_\phi = 0.$$

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